

CONCUSSION in SPORT

Education Package for



Doctors SCAT 3 GUIDE









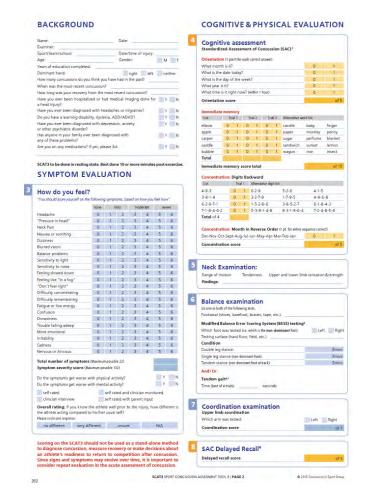


SCAT3

- The Consensus Statement on Concussion in Sport of the 3rd International Conference on Concussion in Sport in 2008 included a <u>Sport Concussion Assessment Tool 2 (SCAT2)</u> for standardized assessment by medical and health professionals (team physicians, certified athletic trainers, neuropsychologists) of sports concussion in athletes ages 10 years and older.
- In March 2013, the SCAT2 was replaced by the <u>SCAT3</u> for athletes 13 years and old issued coincident with the Consensus Statement issued after the 4th International Conference on Concussion in Sport held in Zurich in November 2012 ("Zurich statement"), and a modified version (Child SCAT3) was issued for children aged 5 to 12 years.
- The SCAT takes 15-20 minutes to complete and computes a composite score, comprised of the <u>Glasgow Coma Scale</u>, a <u>Standardized Assessment of Concussion (SAC)</u> score (cognitive and physical evaluation, delayed recall), and a balance assessment score (modified <u>Balanced Error Scoring System or BESS</u>).

On the Field: Sideline Assessment SCAT3





On the Field: Sideline Assessment SCAT3

INSTRUCTIONS

Words in Italics throughout the SCAT3 are the instructions given to the athlete by

Symptom Scale

"You should score yourself on the following symptoms, based on how you feel now".

To be completed by the athlete. In situations where the symptom scale is being completed after exercise, it should still be done in a resting state, at least 10 minutes

For Symptom severity score, add all scores in table, maximum possible is 22x6 – 132.

SAC4

mmediate Memory

"I am going to test your memory, I will read you a list of words and when I am done, repeat back as many words as you can remember, in any order.

"I am going to repeat the same list again. Repeat back as many words as you can remember in any order, even if you said the word before."

Complete all 3 trials regardless of score on trial 1.8.2. Read the words at a rate of one per second. Score 1 pt. for each correct response. Total score equals sum across all 3 trials. Do not inform the athlete that delayed recall will be tested.

Digits backward

"I am going to read you a string of numbers and when I am done, you repeat them back to me backwards, in reverse order of how I read them to you. For example, if I say 7-1-9, you

if correct, go to next string length. If incorrect, read trial 2. One point possible for each string length. Stop after incorrect on both trials. The digits should be read at the rate of one per second.

"Now tell me the months of the year in reverse order. Start with the last month and go

1 pt. for entire sequence correct

Delayed Recall

The delayed recall should be performed after completion of the Balance and Coor-

"Do you remember that list of words I read a few times earlier? Tell me as many words from the list as you can comember in any order

Score 1 pt. for each correct response

Balance Examination

Modified Balance Error Scoring System (BESS) testing⁵

This balance testing is based on a modified version of the Balance Error Scoring System (BESS)⁵. A stopwatch or watch with a second hand is required for this testing "I am now going to test your balance. Please take your shoes off, roll up your pant legs above ankle (if applicable), and remove any ankle taping (if applicable). This test will consist of three twenty second tests with different stances."

"The first stance is standing with your feet together with your hands on your hips and with your eyes closed. You should try to maintain stability in that position for 20 seconds. I will be counting the number of times you move out of this position. I will start timing when you are

"If you were to kick a ball, which foot would you use? [This will be the dominant foot] Nov If you need to hook a seek, invest rook who all you bear (first in the Cere business root) investigation you non-dominant fort. The dominant legs phould be held in approximately 30 degrees of hip flexion and 45 degrees of knee flexors. Again, you should try to maintain stability for 20 seconds with your hands on your hips and your eyes downed. I will be countries the number of times you move out of this position, if you stumble out of this position, open your eyes and return to the start position and continue balancing. I will start timing when you are set and have closed your eyes."

(c) Tandem stance:

"Now stand heel to-toe with your non-dominant foot in back. Your weight should be evenly distributed across both feet. Again, you should try to maintain stability for 20 seconds with your hands on your hips and your eyes closed. I will be counting the number of times you move out of this position, position, but out this position, peen your eyes and return to the start position and continue balancing. I will start timing when you are set and have closed.

Balance testing - types of errors

- 1. Hands lifted off iliac crest
- 2. Opening eyes 3. Step, stumble, or fall
- 4. Moving hip into > 30 degrees abduction
- 5. Lifting forefoot or heel
- 6. Remaining out of test position > 5 sec

Each of the 20-second trials is scored by counting the errors, or deviations from the proper stance, accumulated by the athlete. The examiner will begin counting errors only after the individual has assumed the proper start-position. The modified BESS is calculated by adding one error point for each error during the three 20-second tests. The maximum total number of errors for any single condition is 10. If a athlete commits multiple errors simultaneously, only one error is recorded but the athlete should quickly return to the testing position, and counting should resume once subject is set. Subjects that are unable to maintain the testing procedure for a minimum of five seconds at the start are assigned the highest possible score, ten, for that testing condition.

OPTION: For further assessment, the same 3 stances can be performed on a surface of medium density foam (e.g., approximately 50cmx40cmx6cm).

Participants are instructed to stand with their feet together behind a starting line (the test is best done with footwear removed). Then, they walk in a forward direction as quickly and as accurately as possible along a 38mm wide (sports tape), 3 meter line with an alternate foot heel-to-toe gait ensuring that they approximate their heel and toe on each step. Once they cross the end of the 3m line, they turn 180 degrees and return to the starting point using the same gait. A total of 4 trais are done and the best time is retained. Athletes should complete the test in 14 seconds. Athletes fail the test if they step off the line, have a separation between their heel and toe, or if they touch or grab the examiner or an object. In this case, the time is not recorded and the trial repeated, if appropriate.

Coordination Examination

Upper limb coordination

Finger-to-nose (FTN) task:

"I am gaing to test your coordination now. Please at comfortably on the chair with your eyes open and your arm feither right or left i outstretched librauliser flexed to 50 Cleagues and ellow and fingers esteredle, pointing in front of you. When I give a start signs, I would like you to perform five successive finger to nose repetitions using your index finger to touch the tip of the nose, and then return to the starting position, as quickly and as occurring as possible.

Scoring: 5 correct repetitions in < 4 seconds = 1 Note for testers: Athletes fail the test if they do not touch their nose, do not fully extend their elbow or do not perform five repetitions. Failure should be scored as 0.

References & Footnotes

1. This tool has been developed by a group of international experts at the 4th International Consensus meeting on Concussion in Sport held in Zurich, Switzerland in November 2012. The full details of the conference outcomes and the authors of the tool are published in The BJSM Injury Prevention and Health Protection, 2013, Volume 47, Issue 5. The outcome paper will also be simultaneously co-published in other leading biomedical journals with the copyright held by the Concussion in Sport. Group, to allow unrestricted distribution, providing no alterations are made.

2. McCrory P et al., Consensus Statement on Concussion in Sport - the 3rd International Conference on Concussion in Sport held in Zurich, November 2008, British Journal of Sports Medicine 2009: 43: i76-89.

3: Maddocks, DL; Dicker, GD; Saling, MM. The assessment of orientation following concussion in athletes. Clinical Journal of Sport Medicine. 1995; 5(1): 32-3

4. McCrea M. Standardized mental status testing of acute concussion. Clinical Journal of Sport Medicine, 2001; 11: 176-181,

5. Guskiewicz KM. Assessment of postural stability following sport-related concussion, Current Sports Medicine Reports, 2003; 2: 24-30.

6. Schneiders, A.G., Sullivan, S.J., Gray, A., Hammond-Tooke, G.&McCrory, P. Normative values for 16-37 year old subjects for three clinical measures of motor performance used in the assessment of sports concussions. Journal of Science and Medicine in Sport. 2010; 13(2): 196-201.

7. Schneiders, A.G., Sullivan, S.J., Kvarnstrom, J.K., Olsson, M., Yden, T. & Marshall, S.W. The effect of footwear and sports-surface on dynamic neurological screen ing in sport-related concussion. Journal of Science and Medicine in Sport. 2010;

ATHLETE INFORMATION

Any athlete suspected of having a concussion should be removed from play, and then seek medical evaluation.

Signs to watch for

Problems could arise over the first 24-48 hours. The athlete should not be left alone

- and must go to a hospital at once if they. - Have a headache that gets worse
- Are very drowsy or can't be awakened
- Can't recognize people or places
- Have repeated vomiting
- Behave unusually or seem confused; are very irritable
- Have seizures (arms and legs jerk uncontrollably) - Have weak or numb arms or legs
- Are unsteady on their feet; have slurred speech

Remember, it is better to be safe. Consult your doctor after a suspected concussion

Return to play

Athletes should not be returned to play the same day of injury. When returning athletes to play, they should be medically cleared and then follow a stepwise supervised program, with stages of progression.

Nethacolitation stage	Functional esection at each stage of rehabilitation	Disjective of each stage		
No activity	Physical and cognitive rest	Recovery		
Light aerobic exercise	Walking, swimming or stationary cycling seeping intensity, 70 % maximum predicted heart rate. No resistance training.	Increase heart rate		
Sport-specific exercise	Skating drift in ice hockey, numing drifts in socrer. No head impact activities	Add movement		
Non-contect training drills	Progressors to more complex training drifts, eg passing drifts in football and as hookey. May start progressive resolance training.	Exercise, operation, and cognitive load		
full contact practice	Following medical clearance participate in normal training activities	Restore confidence and essess functional skills by coacting staff		

There should be at least 24 hours (or longer) for each stage and if symptoms recur the athlete should rest until they resolve once again and then resume the progra at the previous asymptomatic stage. Resistance training should only be added in the later stages.

If the athlete is symptomatic for more than 10 days, then consultation by a medical practitioner who is expert in the management of concussion, is recommended.

Medical clearance should be given before return to play.

Scoring Summary: Test Domain Date: Symptom Severity Score of 132 Orientation of 5 Immediate Memory of 15 Concentration of 5 Delayed Recall of 5 BESS (total errors) Tandem Gait (secon Coordination of

12000		

CONCUSSION INJURY ADVICE

(To be given to the person monitoring the concussed athletel

This patient has received an injury to the head. A careful medical examination has been carried out and no sign of any serious complications has been found. Rec time is variable across individuals and the patient will need monitoring for a further period by a responsible adult. Your treating physician will provide guidance as to

If you notice any change in behaviour, vomiting, dizziness, worsening head-ache, double vision or excessive drowsiness, please contact your doctor or the nearest hospital emergency department immediately.

- Rest (physically and mentally), including training or playing sports
- until symptoms resolve and you are medically cleared No alcohol
- No prescription or non-prescription drugs without medical supervision. Specifically:
- No sleeping tablets Do not use aspirin, anti-inflammatory medication or sedating pain killers
- Do not drive until medically cleared Do not train or play sport until medically cleared

JINI	c pi	non	e n	um	ber

Date/time of injury	
Date/time of medical review	
Treatingphysician	

SCATS SPORT CONCUSSION ASSESSMENT TOOL BY PAGE 4

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Contact details or stamp

On the Field: Sideline Assessment

Child SCAT3



What is childSCAT3?1

NOTICE CONTINUED AS A second of the delivery of the second of the second

Specific instruction after use of the ChildCAT1 are provided on page 2. If you are not framition with the ChildCAT1, plaze a modition pit these instructions confired, it is both only the fired capital in the context from the child with the individual to make any expectation grains. Any expectation are any expected in a single clinic and expectation are specified in a single pit for expectation and expectation are specified in a context in a child register, at deep when they are and production of The Child Capital Context in a child register, and context in the displaced of concentral in the descent of child child post of a visible context in the child Child Capital Child Chil

What is a concussion?

A concession is a distributed in burief rection caused by a direction indirect force to the head breachts in a variety of non-specific signs adding symptoms (Rechause listed below) and must often does not have base of consciousness. Concessions have the suspected in the presence of any one or more of the following:

- Sy npto ns. (e.g., keadacke), o : Mysical signs. (e.g., a estead iress), o : Inpalied brain Fraction (e.g., confesion) o :
- Absornal behavious (eg., change is personality).

SIDELINE ASSESSMENT

Indications for Emergency Management

NOTE: A hit to the head can sometimes be associated with a more severe brain injury. If the concussed child displays any of the following, then do not proceed with the ChildSCAT3, instead activate emergency procedures and urgent to reportation to the nearest hospital:

- Deterioration mental status
- Patential spinal injury Progressive, wo sening symptoms or new neurologic signs
- Persistent varniting Evidence of shull fracture
- Post trau matic seizures Coaquib pathy
- History of Neurosurgery (eg Shunt)
 Multiple injuries

Glasgow coma scale (GCS)	
Best eye response (E)	
Na eye a pe ning	1
Eye apening in response to pain	2
Eye apening to speech	9
Eyes apening spantameausly	4
Best verbal response (V)	
No ve dual res ponse	1
In comprehe raible sounds	2
Inappropriate words	9
Confused	4
Oriented	5
Best motor response (M)	
No motor response	1
Extension to pain	2
Abnormal flexion to pain	9
Flexion/Withdrawal to gain	4
Localizes to pain	5
O beys commands	6
Glasgow Coma score (E + V + M)	of 1
GCS should be grounded for all at likes, in case of subsencent de	touis orbins

Potential signs of concussion?

If any of the following signs are observed after a direct or indirect blow to the head, the child should stop participation, be evaluated by a medical professional and should not be permitted to return to sport the same day if a concusion is suspected.

Any total of contactors was		
"F sq. how lang?"		
Balance or motor in coordination (2 ambles, slow) bloosed movements, etc.)?	Y	N
Discrimination or confusion (inability to espendapp oprists lytoquestion)?	Y	N
lass of memory:	Y	N
"Fsq, have lang?"		
"Before grafter the injury?"		
9 la mb cor vacant locab:	Y	N
Visible facial injury in combination with any of the above:	Y	N

Sideline Assessment – child "lam going to estyou a few questions, please lister Wed field Maddocts questions (I polisif forests to sect a	carefully and give your best	
Where are we at now?	0	- 1
is it before or after lunch?	0	- 1
What did you have list lesson/class?	0	- 1
What is your teacher's name?	0	- 1
child-Maddocks score		of

Any child with a suspected concussion should be REMOVED FRO M PLAY, medically assessed and monitored for deterioration (i.e., should not be left alone). No child diagnosed with concussion should be returned to sports participation on the day of Injury.

BACKGROUND

Na mo:	Date/Time of Injury	Date/Time of Injury:					
Examiner:	Date of Assessment:						
Sport/team/school:							
Age:	Gender:	М	F				
Current school year/grade:							
Dominant hand:	right. left.	neit	her				
Mochanism of Injury ("tellnewlet tappesed"	ð:						
For Parent / carer to complete:							
How many concussions has the child had	in the past?						
When was the most recent concussion?							
How long was the recovery from the mo:	st war nt concussion?						
Has the child over been hospitalized or lo done (CT or M R) for a head injury?	ad medical imaging	Y					
Has the child ever been diagnosed with h	readaches or migarines?	Y					
Does the child have a learning disability, ADD/ADHD, seis use disorder?	dyslexis,	Y					
Has the child ever been diagnosed with d anxiety or other psychiatric disorder?	de pression,	Y					
Has anyone in the family ever been diagrany of these problems?	rased with	Y					
	lease list:	Y					

SYMPTOM EVALUATION

Name:	HEVR I	asky	so net ines	ofte s
I have trouble paying attention	0	- 1	2	3
I get distracted easily	0	- 1	2	3
I have a halfd time concentrating	0	- 1	2	3
I have problems remembering what people tell me	0	- 1	2	3
I have problems following directions	0	- 1	2	3
I dayd seam too much	0	- 1	2	3
liget confused	0	- 1	2	- 3
l forget things	0	- 1	2	3
I have problems finishing things	0	- 1	2	3
I have trouble figuring things out	0	- 1	2	3
k's hard for me to learn new things	0	- 1	2	3
I have headaches	0	- 1	2	3
lfeeldixy	0	- 1	2	3
lifeel libe the room is spinning	0	- 1	2	3
I feel libe I'm gaing to faint	0	- 1	2	3
Things are blurry when I look at the m	0	- 1	2	3
I see double	0	- 1	2	3
life el sich to my stomach	0	- 1	2	3
Iget tired a bt	0	- 1	2	3
Iget tired easily	0	- 1	2	3
Total number of symptoms (Waximum possible 2 Symptom severity score (Waximum possible 20x3				
self ated clinician interview su	F ated a	el clisi	rias en stas	-

never unely sometimes often

Parent report

The child

	ng attention	- 0		- 4	- 3
is easily distracted		- 0	- 1	2	3
has difficulty conce	nteting	0	- 1	2	3
has problems remer	nbering what he/she is told	- 0	- 1	2	3
has difficulty follow	ing directions	0	- 1	2	3
tends to dayd ream		0	- 1	2	3
gets confused		0	- 1	2	3
is forgetful		0	- 1	2	- 3
has difficulty compl	eteing tasks	0	- 1	2	3
has poor problem s	olving stills	0	- 1	2	- 3
has problems learn i	ing .	0	- 1	2	3
has headaches		0	1	2	3
feels dixry		0	- 1	2	9
has a feeling that th	ie room is spinning	0	- 1	2	3
feels faint		0	- 1	2	9
has blurred vision		0	- 1	2	3
has double vision		0	- 1	2	9
experiences nausea		0	- 1	2	3
gets tired a lot		0	- 1	2	9
gets tired easily		0	- 1	2	9
Symptom severity Da the symptams g	ym ptoms (Maxim m possbile r score (Maxim m possbile 20) et worse with physical acti	:3 = 60) vity?			
Dothe symptoms of	et warse with mental activ	ky?		,	/ k
pase at self-sated	chrick rite view	pare et sel	f sabed and	clinician	ma i ta iss
	parent/teacher/coach/care child acting compared to				
How different is the					
Haw different is the Nesse circle one respon					

COGNITIVE & PHYSICAL EVALUATION

Cognit Standard is	ive ed A	355 ssess	es:	mer	nt oncus	sion	– Child Versi	on (SAC-C)*
0.1	- 0 -								
Orientatio What most			n	- 1					
What is the		•	,					n	- 1
What is the				ы				0	- 1
What year i			****	_				0	- 1
Orientatio	n sco	re							of 4
Immed inte	men	по гу							
list	T	iall	1	fièl 2	Ti	613	A tenative wo	ıd list	
e baw	0	- 1	0	- 1	0	-1	candle	baby	finger
a pp lo	0	- 1	0	- 1	0	-1	paper	man bey	penny
carpet	0	- 1	0	- 1	0	-1	sugar	perfume	b is nibot.
saddle	0	- 1	- 0	- 1	0	-1	sa ndwich	sunset	leman
b u bb le	0	- 1	0	- 1	0	-1	мадол	ira n	insect
Total									
Immed is to	теп	no ry s	00 P	total					of 15
Concentra	tion:	Digit	Ba4	: kw arc	1				
list		Tria	П	Alberta	tive di	it list			
6-2		0	1	5-2			4-1	4-9	
4-9-3		0	1	6-2-9			5-2-6	4-1-5	
3-8-1-4		0	1	3-2-7-	9		1-7-9-5	4-9-6	-8
6-2-9-7-1		0	1	1-5-2-	8-6		3-8-5-2-7	6-1-8	-4-3
7-1-8-4-6-2		0	1	5-3-9	-1-4-8	ì	8-3-1-9-6-4	7-2-4	-8-5-6
Total of 5									
Concentra	tion:	Days	in R	e verse	Orde	r(I p	t. for entire sequ	ence comect)	
Sunday-Sati Tuesday-Mic			-Thi	u roch y-	Wedn	esdaj	,-	0	1
Concentra	tion :	core							af6
Neck E				on:			and lower lim		
Findings:	o.an		- vnc	14111455		pper	and KAVVIIII	u wiistor	a servingen

	Findings:		
7	Balance examination Booken both of the following tests. Footwear (shoes, to refoot, biologi, tape, etc.)		
	Modified Balance Error Scoring System (BESS) testing * Which foot was tested (i.e. which is the non-dominant flust) Testing surface (hard floor, field, etc.)	Left	R ight.
	Condition Double to stance:		Errors

Taindem staince (so s-do nisast foot at bacb):

Time taben to complete (bestef dissis):

Ι.	Coordination examination	
9	COORDINATION EXAMINATION Upper limb coordination	
	Which a milwas tested:	Left. Righ
	Coordination score	of 1

		41.1
9	S AC Delayed Recall ⁴	
	Delayed recallscore	of 5
١.		

Scoring on the Child SCAT3 should not be used as a stand-alone method to diagnose concussion, measure recovery or make decisions about an athlete's readiness to return to competition after concussion.

Since signs and symptoms may exobre over time, it is important to consider repeat evaluation in the acute assessment of concussion.

Errors

On the Field: Sideline Assessment

Child SCAT3

INSTRUCTIONS

Words in Italics throughout the ChildSCAT3 are the instructions given to the child

Sideline Assessment - child-Maddocks Score

To be completed on the side ine/in the playground, immediately following concussion. There is no requirement to repeat these questions at follow-up.

Symptom Scale⁸

In stuations where the symptom scale is being completed after exercise, it should still be done in a resting state, at least 10 minutes gost ownise.

- On the day of injury
 the child is to complete the Child Report, according to how he/she fee is now.
- On all subsequent days
 the child is to complete the Child Report, according to how he/she fee is today,
- the parent/carer is to complete the Parent Report according to how the child has

Standardized Assessment of Concussion -Child Version (SAC-C)4

remediate memory.

Tem going to test your memory, I will need you a fist of words and when I am done, repeat back as many words as you can remember, in any order." Trials 2&3:

Tam going to repeat the same list again. Repeat back as many words as you can remember in any order, even if you said the word before."

Complete all 3 trick legar discs of scale on trial 16.2. Joud the words at a late of one per second. Score 1 pt. for reach cornect response. Total score equals announces all 3 trials. Bo not inform the child that debyed recall will be tested.

Team going to read you a string of numbers and when I am done, you repeat them back to me backweets, in means order of he w! med them to you. For example, if I say 7-1, you would

From next, go to next string length. Financect, sead trial 2. One point possible for each string length. Step after incompetes but kinds. The distance of the sead at the sate of one per second.

"No w tell one the days of the week in reverse order. Start with Sunday and go backward. So you'll say Sunday, Saturday ... So shead"

1 pt. for entire sequence correct

The debyed local should be performed after completion of the Balance and Coordination Issumination.

To your entertheir fast of words i made few times eatin? Tell measuremy words from the fate a you can entertheir in any order."

Circle gach word conjectify greatled. Total score equals number of words recalled

Balance examination

These instructions are to be used by the peans administering the childSGATA, and each balance test should be demonstrated to the child. The child should be demonstrated to the child. The child should be accept what the use miser

Modified Balance Error Scoring System (BBSS) testing*

This balance testing is based on a modified we sign of the Ralance Error Scoring new service securing is asset on a modified to skin of the feature. Error Scoring System (RESSY, A stapwatch orwatch with a second hand is equired for this testing. Tam now gring to test year defense if test above to hoose off, and up year prefergis above acids if applicable), and some energy article toping. If applicable, this test relif contact of two officers parts.

(a) Double leg stance:
The first stance is stancing with the feat any after with hands on hips and with upon double The first stance is stancing with the feat any other hand 3 accord. You should inform the child that you will be counting in stability in this position for 20 accords. You should stancing with a running of this position. You should state thing when the child is stand the eyes are double.

(b) Tanden stance: least at the drift a stant feel is to see with the consolimant but in the locit. Whigh should be seenly distincted around both has Jupan the drift should by no market madeling for all seenly distincted around both has Jupan the drift should by no market madeling for all sources of the profession of the drift should be drift and the drift should be drift and the drift should be drift and the drift should be drift of the drift should be drift of the drift should be drift of the drift should be drifted be drift and be drift and be drift and be drifted be drifted and what should be drifted by an and drift of the drift should be drifted by an and drift and be drifted by an and drift and be drifted by an and drift and drifted by an and drift and drifted by an and drift by an and drifted by an analysis of the drifted by an analy

Balance testing - types of errors - Parts (a) and (b)

- Hands lifted off list crest
 Opening eyes

- 5. Lifting farefact or heel 6. Remaining out of test position > 5 sec

Each of the 20-second trials is scored by counting the errors, or deviations from the paper stance, accumulated by the child. The examiner will begin counting error and what the child has assumed the proper stant, position. The modified BESS is calculated by adding one error point for each error during the two 20-second tests. The maximum total number of errors for any single condition is 10. Faichild commits multiple errors simultaneously, only one error is recorded but 10. If a contract contract is unknowned and a contract contract

OPTION: For further assessment, the same 2 stances can be performed on a surface of medium density foam (e.g., approximately $50 \, \mathrm{cm} \times 40 \, \mathrm{cm} \times 6 \, \mathrm{cm}$).

like a clock (with a second land) or stopworth to measure the time taken to complete this tast. Instruction for the scanning i – Demonstrate the following to the child:

The child is returned as send with their hold with the child with the child and the child with the child and the child with the child was with forestive amount of the child was with forestive amount of the child was with forestive amount of the child was a public of the child with the child was provided the child was a facility of the c Explain to the child that you will time how long it takes them to wall to the end of the fine and buch

Coordination examination

Upper limb coord ination

The teste is looked diemonstrate it to the child

Tem going to test your coordination now. Please at comfortably on the chair with your eyes open and your arm lether right or left) outstastched (shoulder filmed to 90 degrees and elbow and fingers extended). When lighe a start signal, I would life you to perform the successive finger to more repetitions using your index finger to truch the tip of the none as quickly and assecutably as possible."

Scoring: 5 correct repetitions in < 4 seconds = 1. Note for texters: Children Fallblette. If they do not be achieved a so the ly acted their above or do not per form five expet the s. field re-should be scored as 0.

References & Footnotes

1. This total has been developed by a group of international experts at the 4th International Consensus meeting on Concussion in Sport held in Zurich, Switzerland in November 2012. The full data is of the conference outcomes and the authors of the toolare published in The BISM Injury Prevention and Health Protection, 2013, Volume 47, issue 5. The autoame paper will also be simula mously co-published in other leading bismed kalipurnals with the copyright held by the Concussion in Sport Group, to allow unrestricted distribution, providing no aberations are made.

2. McCray Pieta I, Consensus Statement on Concussion in Sport – the 3rd International Confee ace on Concussion in Sport, held in Zurich, November 2009, British Journal of Sports Medicine 2009, 43: 176-89.

3. Maddocks, DI; Dicker, GD; Saling, M.M. The assessment of orientation following concussion in athletes, Clinical Journal of Sport Medicine, 1995, 9(1): 32-3. $4.\,M$ of rea M . Standardized menta Istatus testing of a cute concussion. Clinica Hours for Sport Medicine, 2001; 11: 176–191 .

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7. Schneiders, A.G., Sullivan, S.J., Diernstram, J.C., Olsson, M., Yden, T.& Marshall, S.W. The effect of footwear and sports-surface on dynamic neurological screen-ing in sport-related concussion. Journal of Science and Medicine in Sport. 2010; 13(4): 382-386

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CHILD ATHLETE INFORMATION

Any child suspected of having a concussion should be removed from play, and then seek medical evaluation. The child must NOT return to play or sport on the same day as the suspected concussion

Signs to watch for

Problems could arise over the first 24-48 hours. The child should not be left alone and must go to a hospital at once if they develop any of the following:

- New Headache, or Headache gets worse
- Persistent or increasing neck pain Becomes drowsy or can't be woken up
- Can not recognise people or places
- Has Nausea or Vomiting
- Behaves unusually, seems confused, or is irritable
- Has any seizures (arms and/or legs jerk un controllably) Has weakness, numbness or tingling (arms, legs or face)
- Is unsteady walking or standing
- . Has slurre disneedh
- Has difficulty understanding speech or directions

Remember, it is better to be safe

Always consult your doctor after a suspected concussion.

Return to school

Concussion may impact on the child's cognitive a bility to learn at school This must be considered, and medical clearance is required before the child may return to school. It is reasonable for a child to miss a day or two of school after con cussion, but extended absence is uncommon, in some children, a naduated return to school program will need to be developed for the child. The child will progress through the return to school program provided that there is no worsening of symptoms. If any particular activity worse as symptoms, the child will abstain from that activity until it no longer causes symptom worsening. Use of computers and internet should follow a similar graduated program, provided that it does not worsen symptoms. This program should include communication between the parents, teachers, and health professionals and will up to from child to child. The return to school program should consider:

- Extra time to complete assignments/tests
- Quiet room to complete assignments/tests
- Avoids not of noisy areas such as cafeterias, assembly halls, sporting events, music class, shap class, etc
- Frequent breats during class, homework, tests No more than one exam/day
- Shorte rassignments
- Repetition/memory cues
- Reassurance from teachers that student will be supported through recovery through accommodations, workload reduction, alternate forms of testing
- Laterstart times, half days, only certain classes

The child is not to return to play or sport until he/ she has successfully returned to school/learning, without worsening of symptoms. Medical clearance should be given before return to play.

If there are any doubts, management should be referred to a qualified health practitioner, expert in the management of concussion in children.

Return to sport

There should be no return to play until the child has successfully returned to school/kerning, without worse ning of symptoms. Children must not be returned to play the same day of injury. When returning children to play, they should medically cleared and then follow a stepwise supervised program, with stages of progression.

Rehabilitation stage	Functions l'exercise at each starge of rehabilitation	Objective of each stage
No activity	Physical and cognitive rest.	Recovery
Light ae rabic exercise	Walking, swimming or stationary cycling beeping intensity, 70% maximum pre- dicted heart rate. No resistance training	Increase heart ate
Spart-specific exercise	Stating drills in ice hoobey, running drills in soccer. No head impact activities	Add movement
Non-contact training drills	Progression to more complex training drills, eg passing drills in football and ice hootby. May start progressive resistance to ining	Exercise, coordina- tion, and cognitive load
Full contact practice	Following medical clearance participate in normal training activities	Restore confidence and assess functional stills by coaching staff

Return to play Normal came play

There should be approximately 24 hours (or langer) for each stage and the child should drop back to the previous asymptomatic level if any post-concussive symp-toms recur. Resistance training should only be added in the later stages. If the child is symptomatic for more than 10 days, then review by a health practi-tioner, expert in the management of concussion, is recommended.

Medical clearance should be given before return to play.

Notes:

CONCUSSION INJURY ADVICE FOR THE CHILD AND PARENTS / CARERS

(To be given to the person monitoring the concussed child)

This child has received an injury to the head. A careful medical examination has been carried out and no sign of any serious complications has been found. It is expected that recovery will be a pid, but the child will need manitaring far the next 24 haurs by a resnonsible adult.

If you notice any change in behavior, vomiting, dizziness, worsening headache, double vision or excessive drowsiness, please call an am bulance to transport the child to hospital immediately.

- Following concussion, the child should lest for at least 24 hours.
- . The child's hould a void any computer, internet or electronic gaming activity F these activities make symptoms worse.
- The childs hould not be given any medications, including pain tillers, unless prescribed by a medical practitioner.
- The child must not return to school until medically cleared The child must not return to sport or play until medically cleared

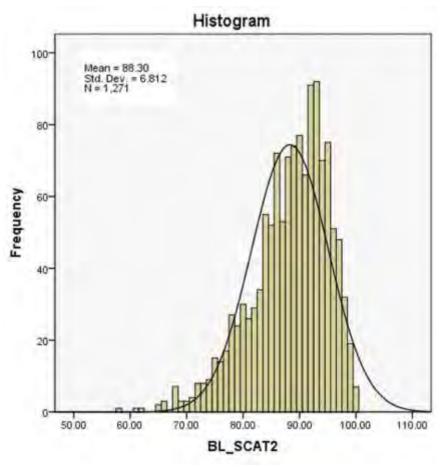
Ilinic phon	e number
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Date/time of inj	ury		
Date/time of me	edical review		
Treating physicia	ın		

	Contact details on stamp



Utility of the SCAT



Valovich McLeod TC, Bay RC, Lam KC, et al. Representative baseline values on the Sport Concussion Assessment Tool 2 (SCAT2) in adolescent athletes vary by gender, grade, and concussion history. *Am J Sports Med.* 2012;40(4):927–933



1 GCS: Glasgow Coma Score

Best eye response (E)

Glasgow Coma score (E + V + M)	of 15
Obeys commands	6
Localizes to pain	5
Flexion/Withdrawal to pain	4
Abnormal flexion to pain	3
Extension to pain	2
No motor response	1
Best motor response (M)	
Oriented	5
Confused	4
Inappropriate words	3
Incomprehensible sounds	2
No verbal response	1
Best verbal response (V)	
Eyes opening spontaneously	4
Eye opening to speech	3
Eye opening in response to pain	2
No eye opening	1

GCS should be recorded for all athletes in case of subsequent deterioration.



2 Maddocks Questions

"I am going to ask you a few questions, please listen carefully and give your best effort."

Modified Maddocks questions (1 point for each correct answer)

What venue are we at today?	0	1
Which half is it now?	0	1
Who scored last in this match?	0	1
What team did you play last week/game?	0	1
Did your team win the last game?		1
Maddocks score		of 5

Maddock's score is validated for sideline diagnosis of concussion only and is not used for serial testing.



2 ChildSCAT Maddocks Questions

2

Sideline Assessment – child-Maddocks Score³

"lam going to ask you a few questions, please listen carefully and give your best effort."

Modified Maddocks questions (1 point for each correct answer)

Where are we at now?	0	1
Is it before or after lunch?	0	1
What did you have last lesson/class?	0	1
What is your teacher's name?		1
child-Maddocks score		of 4

Child-Maddocks score is for sideline diagnosis of concussion only and is not used for serial testing.

3 SYMPTOMS



How do you feel?

"You should score yourself on the following symptoms, based on how you feel now".

*							
	none	n	nild	mod	lerate	se	vere
Headache	0	1	2	3	4	5	6
"Pressure in head"	0	1	2	3	4	5	6
Neck Pain	0	1	2	3	4	5	6
Nausea or vomiting	0	1	2	3	4	5	6
Dizziness	0	1	2	3	4	5	6
Blurred vision	0	1	2	3	4	5	6
Balance problems	0	1	2	3	4	5	6
Sensitivity to light	0	1	2	3	4	5	6
Sensitivity to noise	0	1	2	3	4	5	6
Feeling slowed down	0	1	2	3	4	5	6
Feeling like "in a fog"	0	1	2	3	4	5	6
"Don't feel right"	0	1	2	3	4	5	6
Difficulty concentrating	0	1	2	3	4	5	6
Difficulty remembering	0	1	2	3	4	5	6
Fatigue or low energy	0	1	2	3	4	5	6
Confusion	0	1	2	3	4	5	6
Drowsiness	0	1	2	3	4	5	6
Trouble falling asleep	0	1	2	3	4	5	6
More emotional	0	1	2	3	4	5	6
Irritability	0	1	2	3	4	5	6
Sadness	0	1	2	3	4	5	6
Nervous or Anxious	0	1	2	3	4	5	6

Total number of symptoms (Maximum possible 22)					
Symptom severity score (Maximum possible 132)					
Do the symptoms get worse with physical activity? Do the symptoms get worse with mental activity?					
self rated self rated and clinician monit					
dinician interview	self rated with parent input				

Overall rating: If you know the athlete well prior to the injury, how different is the athlete acting compared to his/her usual self?

Please circle one response:

The difference very difference difference 11771		no different	very different	unsure	N/A
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4 COGNITIVE ASSESSMENT (SAC)

Standardized Assessment of Concussion (SAC)4

Orientation (1 point for each correct answer)

Orientation score		of 5
What time is it right now? (within 1 hour)	0	1
What year is it?	0	1
What is the day of the week?	0	1
What is the date today?	0	1
What month is it?	0	1

Immediate memory

List	Tris	al 1	Tri	al 2	Tria	al 3	Alternative w	ord list	
elbow	0	1	0	1	0	1	candle	baby	finger
apple	0	1	0	1	0	1	paper	monkey	penny
carpet	0	1	0	1	0	1	sugar	perfume	blanket
saddle	0	1	0	1	0	1	sandwich	sunset	lemon
bubble	0	1	0	1	0	1	wagon	iron	insect
Total									

Concentration: Digits Backward

Immediate memory score total

	_				
List	Tri	al 1	Alternative digit li	st	
4-9-3	0	1	6-2-9	5-2-6	4-1-5
3-8-1-4	0	1	3-2-7-9	1-7-9-5	4-9-6-8
6-2-9-7-1	0	1	1-5-2-8-6	3-8-5-2-7	6-1-8-4-3
7-1-8-4-6-2	0	1	5-3-9-1-4-8	8-3-1-9-6-4	7-2-4-8-5-6
Total of 4					

Concentration: Month in Reverse Order (1 pt. for entire sequence correct)

Dec-Nov-Oct-Sept-Aug-Jul-Jun-May-Apr-Mar-Feb-Jan	0	1
Concentration score		of 5



5 NECK EXAMINATION

Neck Examination:

Range of motion	Tenderness	Upper and lower limb sensation & strength
Findings:		



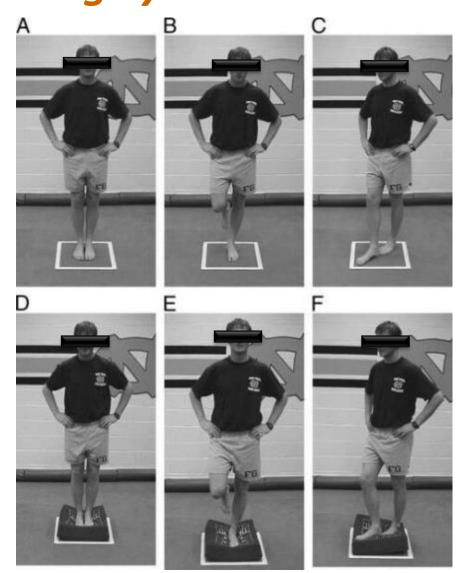
6 BALANCE EXAMINATION

Do one or both of the following tests.		
Footwear (shoes, barefoot, braces, tape, etc.)		
Modified Balance Error Scoring System (BESS) testing	5	
Which foot was tested (i.e. which is the non-dominant foot)	Left	Right
Testing surface (hard floor, field, etc.)		
Condition		
Double leg stance:		Errors
Single leg stance (non-dominant foot):		Errors
Tandem stance (non-dominant foot at back):		Errors
And/Or		
Tandem gait ^{6,7}		
Time (best of 4 trials): seconds		



BESS: Balance Error Scoring System

- Postural Stability
 - Flat and 10cm foam
- 20 seconds each
- Count errors to score
 - Eyes opening
 - Movement
 - Hands off hips
- Affected by environment
 - Test after 15 minutes
 - Footwear
 - Surfaces
- Some rater reliability issues
- Some practice effect noted





Double Leg Stance



Errors to count:

- Hands lifted off hips
- Opening eyes
- Stumble or fall out of position
- Shifting the balance leg out of position
- Moving hip of elevated leg out sideways
- Elevated leg touches the balancing leg
- Lifting front or back of the foot
- Staying out of position for longer than 5 seconds counts as an extra error.



Single Leg Stance



Errors to count:

- Hands lifted off hips
- Opening eyes
- Stumble or fall out of position
- Shifting the balance leg out of position
- Moving hip of elevated leg out sideways
- Elevated leg touches the balancing leg
- Lifting front or back of the foot
- Staying out of position for longer than 5 seconds counts as an extra error.



Tandem Stance



Errors to count:

- Hands lifted off hips
- Opening eyes
- Stumble or fall out of position
- Shifting the balance leg out of position
- Moving hip of elevated leg out sideways
- Elevated leg touches the balancing leg
- Lifting front or back of the foot
- Staying out of position for longer than 5 seconds counts as an extra error.



Tandem Gait



Errors to count:

- Taking longer than 14 seconds
- Stepping or falling off the line
- Separating both feet from one another
- Taking hands off hips
- Not turning behind the line

NB – standing on toe is NOT counted as an error.



7 COORDINATION EXAMINATION

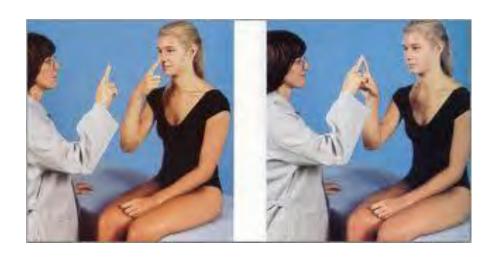
Upper limb coordination

Which arm was tested:

Coordination score

Left Right

of 1





8 SAC DELAYED RECALL

List	Tri	al 1	Tri	al 2	Tria	al 3	Alternative w	ord list	
elbow	0	1	0	1	0	1	candle	baby	finger
apple	0	1	0	1	0	1	paper	monkey	penny
carpet	0	1	0	1	0	1	sugar	perfume	blanket
saddle	0	1	0	1	0	1	sandwich	sunset	lemon
bubble	0	1	0	1	0	1	wagon	iron	insect
Total									

SAC Delayed Recall⁴

Delayed recall score

of 5



SCAT BASELINE COMPARISON

Test Domain		Score	
	Date:	Date:	Date:
Number of Symptoms of 22			
Symptom Severity Score of 132			
Orientation of 5			
Immediate Memory of 15			
Concentration of 5			
Delayed Recall of 5			
SAC Total			
BESS (total errors)			
Tandem Gait (seconds)			
Coordination of 1			



SCAT ATHLETE INFO: Adults

Athlete Information

Any athlete suspected of having a concussion should be removed from play, and then seek medical evaluation.

Signs to watch for

Problems could arise over the first 24-48 hours. You should not be left alone and must go to a hospital at once if you:

- · Have a headache that gets worse
- Are very drowsy or can't be awakened (woken up).
- Can't recognize people or places.
- Have repeated vorniting
- · Behave unusually or seem confused; are very irritable
- Have setzures (arms and legs jerk uncontrollably)
- Have weak or numb arms or legs
- · Are unsteady on your feet; have slurred speech

Remember, It is better to be safe.

Consult your doctor after a suspected concussion.

Return to play

Athletes should not be returned to play the same day of injury. When returning athletes to play, they should follow a stepwise symptom-limited program, with stages of progression. For example:

- 1. rest until asymptomatic (physical and mental rest)
- 2. light aerobic exercise (e.g. stationary cycle)
- 3. sport-specific exercise
- non-contact training drills (start light resistance training)
- 5. full contact training after medical clearance
- 6. return to competition (game play)

There should be approximately 24 hours (or longer) for each stage and the athlete should drop back to the previous asymptomatic level if any post-concussive symptoms recur. Resistance training should only be added in the later stages.

Medical clearance should be given before return to play.



SCAT CHILD INFO: 5-12

CHILD ATHLETE INFORMATION

Any child suspected of having a concussion should be removed from play, and then seek medical evaluation. The child must NOT return to play or sport on the same day as the suspected concussion.

Signs to watch for

Problems could arise over the first 24-49 hours. The child should not be left alone and must go to a hospital at once if they develop any of the following:

- New Headache, or Headache gets worse
- Persistent or increasing neck pain
- Becomes drowsylor can't be woken up
- Can not recognise people or places
- Has Nausea or Vomiting
- Behaves unusually, seems confused, or is irritable
- Has any seizures (arms and/or legs jerk un controllably).
- Has weakness, numbness or tingling (arms, legs or face)
- Is unsteady walking or standing
- Has slurre dispeech.
- Has difficulty understanding speech or directions

Remember, it is better to be safe.

Always consult yourdoctor after a suspected concussion.

Return to school

Concession may impact on the child's cognitive a bility to bern at school. This must be considered, and medical clearance is required before the child may return to school. It is reasonable for a child to miss a day or two of school after concussion, but extended absence is uncommon. In some children, a graduated return to school program will need to be developed for the child. The child will play sets through the seturn to school program provided that there is no worse ning of symptoms. Fany particular activity worse as symptoms, the child will abstain from that a childy until it no longer causes symptom worsening. Use of compute is and internet should follow a similar graduated program, provided that it does not worsen symptoms. This program should include communication between the parents, teachers, and health professionals and will vary from child to child. The return to school program should consider:

- Extra time to complete assignments/tests
- Quiet room to complete assignments/tests
- Avoids not of noisy areas such as cafeterias, assembly halls, sporting events, music class, shop class, etc.
- Frequent breats during class, homework, tests
- No more than one exam/day
- Shorte rassignments
- Repetition/memory cues
- Use of peer helper/tutor
- Reassurance from teachers that student will be supported through recovery through accommodations, work lead reduction, alternate forms of testing
- Later start times, half days, only certain classes.

The child is not to return to play or sport until he/she has successfully returned to school/learning, without worsening of symptoms. Medical clearance should be given before return to play.

If there are any doubts, management should be referred to a qualified health practitioner, expert in the management of concussion in children.

Return to sport

There should be no return to play until the child has successfully returned to school/learning, without worse ring of symptoms.

Children must not be returned to play the same day of injury.

When returning children to play, they should medically cleared and then follow a stepwise supervised program, with stages of progression.

for example:

Return to play	Normal game play	
Full contact practice	Following medical clearance participate in normal training activities	Restore confidence and assess functional stills by coaching staff
Non-contact training drills	Progression to more complex training drills, eg passing drills in football and ice hootby. May start progressive resistance to ining	Exercise, coordina- tion, and cognitive load
Spart-specific exercise	Stating drills in ice hootey, running drills in soccer. No head impactactivities	Add mavement
Light ae robic exercise	Walbing, swimming or stationary cycling beeping intensity, 70% maximum pre- dicted heart rate. No resistance training	Inclease heart ate
No activity	Physical and cognitive rest	Recovery
Rehabilitation stage	Functional exercise at each stage of rehabilitation	Objective of each starge

There should be approximately 24 hours (or bingely for each stage and the child should drop backto the previous asymptomatic level if any post-concussive symptoms recur. Resistance training should only be added in the later stages. If the child is symptomatic for more than 10 days, then review by a health practitioner, expert in the management of concussion, is recommended.

Medical clearance should be given before return to play.

Notes:



SCAT INJURY ADVICE: Adult

\	
CONCUSSION INJURY ADVICE (To be given to the person monitoring the concussed athlete) This patient has received an injury to the head: A careful medical examination has been carried out and no sign of any serious complications has been found. Recovery time is variable across individuals and the patient will need monitoring for a further period by a responsible adult. Your treating physician will provide guidance as to this timeframe.	Patient's name Date/time of injury Date/time of medical review Treatingphysician
If you notice any change in behaviour, vomiting, dizziness, worsening head- ache, double vision or excessive drowsiness, please contact your doctor or the nearest hospital emergency department immediately.	
Other important points:	
Rest (physically and mentally), including training or playing sports until symptoms resolve and you are medically cleared No alcohol No prescription or non-prescription drugs without medical supervision. Specifically: No sleeping tablets. Do not use aspirin, anti-inflammatory medication or sedating pain killers	
Do not use aspirin, and-innaminatory medication or sequency pain killers Do not drive until medically cleared	
- Do not train or play sport until medically cleared	
Clinic phone number	Contact details or stamp



CHILDSCAT INJURY ADVICE: 5-12 yo

CONCUSSION INJURY ADVICE FOR THE CHILD AND PARENTS / CARERS

(To be given to the person monitoring the concussed child)

This child has received an injury to the head. A careful medical examination has been carried out and no sign of any serious complications has been found. It is expected that recovery will be a pid, but the child will need manitoring for the next 24 hours by a responsible adult.

If you notice any change in behavior, vomiting, dizziness, worsening headache, double vision or excessive drowsiness, please call an ambulance to transport the child to hospital immediately.

Other important points:

- Following concussion, the child should lest for alt least 24 hours.
- The child should also id any computer, internet or electronic galming activity if these activities make symptoms worse.
- The child's hould not be given any medications, including pain billers, unless prescribed by a medical practitioner.
- The child must not return to school until medically cleared.
- The child must not leturn to sport or play until medically cleared.

Patient's name	
Date/time of injury	
Date/time of medical review	
Treating physician	
	Contact details or stamp

Clinic phone number



Questions?





Assessment

